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## The Effect of Apatite Carbonate Membrane Application on Periodontal Tissue after Scaling and Root Planing Treatment

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Abstract : The aim of this study was to evaluate the effect of adjunctive apatite carbonate membrane on pocket depth and clinical attachment loss in chronic periodontitis. The research method was a randomized control trial, double-blind, and split mouth, the examination carried out before and after the treatment. Parameters examined including pocket depth and clinical attachment loss. The study samples were chronic periodontitis patients that came to Periodontics Clinic of Faculty of Dentistry Padjadjaran University Dental Hospital, consisted of 11 male and 11 female patients with the mean of ageof 48,6-years. All patients were treated withscalingand root planing followed by the application of apatite carbonate membrane in the deepest pockets of selected teeth, then covered by periodontal pack. Clinical examination was also carried outon the 30<sup>th</sup> day. Data analysis was tested by Wilcoxon test. The results from the clinical examination of the gingiva before treatment (H<sub>0</sub>) were as follows: the mean of pocket depth on both treatment and control group was 6 mm; the clinical attachment loss on both treatment and control group was 7 mm. The results from clinical examination after treatment  $(D_{30})$  were as follows: the mean of pocket depth on both treatment and control group was 3 mm; the clinical attachment loss on treatment group was 4.5 mm and on control group was 4 mm. The difference mean of pocket depth (PD) and attachment loss (AL) at  $D_0$  compared to  $D_{30}$  was significant (p<0.001). Conclusion: Apatite carbonate membrane as an adjunctive therapy after scaling and root planing had significant effects on pocket depth and clinical attachment loss resulted in the PD and CAL reduction in chronic periodontitis.

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