



Association between Left Ventricular Global Longitudinal Strain and Six Minute Walk Test Before and After Chemotherapy with Anthracycline in Breast Cancer Patients

TheresiaW.Siagian*¹, Andre P. Ketaren¹, Kamal B Siregar², Harris Hasan¹, Abdullah A. Siregar¹, Andika Sitepu¹

¹Department of Cardiology and Vascular Medicine, University of Sumatera Utara, Adam Malik Hospital, Medan, Indonesia

²Departement of Oncology, University of Sumatera Utara, Adam Malik Hospital, Medan, Indonesia

Abstract:Background: Anthracycline-induced cardiotoxicity is associated with a poor prognosis. We can use Global longitudinal strain (GLS) to detect subclinical left ventricular dysfunction in chemotherapy patient. The distance of 6-minute walk test (6MWT) has been used as a prognostic factor in cancer patients. This study aimed to prove whether there is a correlation between left ventricular dysfunction before there are clinical signs of heart failure and decreased functional capacity of 6MWT in breast cancer patients.

Methods: This is a cohort prospective study of 35 breast cancer patients who have chemotherapy with anthracycline regimen. The patients were evaluated before the initiation of anthracycline therapy, after 3 cycles and 6 cycles. Patients underwent standard echocardiography and 6MWT at the first visit. After 3 cycle patient underwent echocardiography and after 6 cycle patient underwent echocardiography and 6MWT.

Results: The mean age was 45.83 ± 6.96 years. There was a significant difference in percentage reduction of GLS after chemotherapy 3 cycles and 6 cycles (10.49 ± 4.94 vs. 20.717 ± 9.616 , $p = 0.001$). GLS is correlated with a decrease in total distance 6MWT after 6 cycles ($R^2 = -0.084$) and the correlation of percentage reduction of GLS and distance of 6MWT has $p = 0.028$ and $R^2 = -0.112$.

Conclusion: There is a correlation between the percentage reduction of GLS and distance of 6MWT in breast cancer patients with anthracycline chemotherapy for 6 cycles ($R^2 = -0.112$).

Keyword: GLS, 6MWT, anthracycline, chemotherapy, breast cancer.

International Journal of ChemTech Research, 2018,11(03): 38-43.

DOI : <http://dx.doi.org/10.20902/IJCTR.2018.110306>
