



Synthesis and Anti-inflammatory Activities of some Pyrimidine Analogs derived from 1,3-diarylpropenones (Chalcones)

Ashwani Kumar Dhingra^{1,2*}, Bhawna Chopra^{1,2}, Rameshwar Dass³, Sanjeev K. Mittal⁴, Jagdeep Singh Dua⁵

¹Guru Gobind Singh College of Pharmacy, Yamuna Nagar-135001, Haryana, India.

²Research Scholar, Department of Pharmacy, IK Gujral Punjab Technical University, Jalandhar-144001, Punjab, India.

³Post Graduate Department of Industrial Chemistry, Guru Nanak Khalsa College, Yamuna Nagar-135001, Haryana, India.

⁴IEC School of Pharmacy, IEC University, Baddi-173205, Himachal Pradesh, India.

⁵Shivalik College of Pharmacy, Nangal-140126, Punjab, India.

Abstract: Claisen–Schmidt condensation of substituted aryl ketones (1) and benzaldehydes (2) in ethanol produced several 1,3-diarylpropenones (3a-j; 70–90%) which on further treatment with urea/thiourea in presence of ethanolic sodium hydroxide solution produced heterocyclic analogs of pyrimidine (4a-j and 5a-j). All the synthesized compounds were screened for *in vivo* anti-inflammatory activity by using the carageenan-induced paw edema method in rats. The substituted pyrimidine derivatives 4e, 4d and 4b showed remarkable reduction in inflammation. In addition, the structures of all the newly synthesized compounds were elucidated using ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR.

Keywords: Anti-inflammatory activity, 1,3-diarylpropenones, Pyrimidine, Claisen–Schmidt condensation