

International Journal of PharmTech Research

CODEN (USA): IJPRIF, ISSN: 0974-4304, ISSN(Online): 2455-9563 Vol.9, No.10, pp 72-80, 2016

PharmTech

Pharmacokinetics of tylvalosin in healthy and experimentally mycoplasma gallisepticum infected broiler chickens

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Abstract: A study of tylvalosin pharmacokinetics was conducted in healthy and *Mycoplasma* gallisepticum-infected broiler chickens. Tylvalosin was administered intravenously and orally at a dose rate of (25 mg/kg b.wt.) to determine its concentrations in blood as well as its kinetic disposition. The serum concentration - time curve indicated a two compartment open model. Following intravenous injection, the mean elimination half-lives $(t_{1/26})$ of $(6.666\pm 0.285$ and 3.048±0.232 h) before and after infection, respectively. The apparent volume of distribution $(V_{d(area)})$ of tylvalosin was (3.802±0.148 and 0.657±0.367 L/Kg) with body clearance CL_{β} (0.953±0.040 and 1.976±0.743. L/kg/h) with mean of MRT was (9.314±0.407 and 1.739±0.779 h) in healthy and *M. gallisepticum* -infected chickens, respectively. Following oral administration, Tylvalosin was absorbed with $(t_{1/2ka})$ of $(0.963\pm0.045$ and 0.958 ± 0.207 h) with peak serum concentration of $(1.226\pm0.041 \text{ and } 0.0760\pm0.024 \text{ }\mu\text{g/ml})$ at (t_{max}) of $(1.723\pm0.04 \text{ }\mu\text{g/ml})$ and 1.310 ± 0.055 h) and eliminated with ($t_{1/26}$) of (3.504 ± 0.49 and 3.862 ± 0.103 h) in healthy and infected chickens. The systemic bioavailability of Tylvalosin (F%) following oral administration was (48.39±0.001 and 72.96±0.003 %) in healthy and infected birds respectively. It is to conclude that serum and tissues Tylvalosin concentration following twicedaily dose of (25 mg/Kg b. wt./day) were suitable to maintain its therapeutic regimen for treatment of mycoplasma infection in broiler chickens, in addition mycoplasma infection significantly decrease and/or consumed serum concentration, increased elimination rate so it is recommended that dose rate is adjusted in case of mycoplasma infection.

Keywords: Tylvalosin; Disposition kinetics; Healthy; Broiler chickens; Mycoplasma gallisepticum.

Ammar Haki Salman *et al* /International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2016,9(10): 72-80.
