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## Adipokines Response to Continuous versus Interval Aerobic Training in Ischaemic Heart Disease Patients

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Abstract : background: Coronary artery disease (CAD) is the single most common cause of death in the developed world, responsible for about 1 in every 5 deaths and it is expected that the rate of CAD will accelerate in the next decade. The aim: of the current study was to find out adipokines response to continuous versus interval aerobic training in ischemic heart disease Patients. Methods: Forty men patients with an ischemic heart disease with age ranged from 50-60 years old participated in this study. Patients were assigned into two groups equal in number: Group A included 20 patients received high intensity interval aerobic training on treadmill 3 times per week for 12 week. Group B included 20 patients received moderate intensity continuous aerobic training on treadmill 3 times per week for 12 week. Results: The mean values of adiponectin, leptin and six minute walk distance were significantly improved from  $8.46 \pm 0.3$  mg/ml,  $38.83 \pm 0.08$  ng/ml and  $433.72 \pm 2.84$  m to  $10.85 \pm 0.25$  mg/ml,  $35.26 \pm 0.21$ ng/ml and 505.52  $\pm$  1.39 m respectively, in group A and from 8.44  $\pm$  0.32 mg/ml, 38.95  $\pm$  0.38 ng/ml and 434.02  $\pm$  2.92 m to 9.65  $\pm$  0.33 mg/ml, 37.13  $\pm$  0.22 ng/ml and 479.05  $\pm$  1.44 m respectively, in group B. Also, there was a significant difference between the groups after treatment on all measured variables. Conclusion: It is suggested that Interval are more effective than continuous aerobic training for the improvement fo adipokines, functional capacity in patients with ischemic heart disease.

**Key words:** Adipokines, High intensity interval aerobic training, Moderate intensity continuous aerobic training, Ischemic heart disease

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