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Investigation of the Quality Properties and Nutritional Values of Four Fish Species from Lake Qaroun, Egypt

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Abstract: The objective of the current study were to investigate the proximate, quality criteria, amino acids, fatty acids and major minerals composition in edible part of four commercially well-known fish species from Lake Oarun; Tilapia zillii, Solea vulgaris, Mugil cephalus and Metapenaeus stebbing to determine and compare their quality and nutritional values. According to the results of this study, moisture ranged from 74.85 to 78.80%, protein from 17.70 to 20.11%, fat from 1.57% to 4.48%, ash from 1.33 to 1.70% and energy value was ranged from 68.05 to 117.68 kcal/100g fish muscles. Met. stebbing had a high ratio of moisture; M. cephalus a highest ($P \le 0.05$) of fat and energy values whereas, T. zillii had a high ratio of protein content. Quality criteria; TVB-N, TMA-N, pH and TBC values were much lower than acceptable limits. Regarding amino acids; all investigated fish species had better protein quality as indicated by high of total essential amino acids (EAA), essential amino acids index (EAAI), and biological value (B.V.%), however, *Tilapia zillii* showed the high protein quality followed by, Solea vulgaris, Mugil cephalus and Metapenaeus stebbing. Fatty acid compositions ranged from 26.31% to 43.65% saturated (SFA), 28.75% to 35.45% monounsaturated (MUFAs), 26.45% to 38.42% polyunsaturated acids (PUFAs) of the total fatty acids. ω3/ω6 PUFA and PUFA/SFA ratios ranged from 2,13 to 2.70 and 0.63 to 1.46, respectively. M. cephalus and Met. stebbing preferred as very good sources of ω-3 fatty acids; Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) Docosahexaenoic acid (EPA) and high in ω3/ω6 PUFA and PUFA/SFA ratios followed by S. vulgaris and T. zillii, respectively. However, T. zillii and S. vulgaris were good source of SFA. Major minerals; potassium (K), phosphorus (P), calcium (Ca), sodium (Na) and magnesium (Mg) ranged from 280 to 560, 355 to 445, 120 to 185, 48 to 120 and 22 to 75 mg/100g fish muscle, respectively. *Met. stebbing* was the highest $(P \le 0.05)$ in concentrations of phosphorus, potassium and sodium minerals, whereas M. cephalus highest in calcium and S. vulgaris highest in magnesium concentrations. These results can be used as useful references for consumers in order to choose fish based on their quality and nutritional contents.

Keywords: Lake Qarun fish; proximate; Quality Criteria; Amino Acids; Fatty Acids; Major Minerals.

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