



ChemTech

International Journal of ChemTech Research

CODEN (USA): IJCRGG ISSN: 0974-4290

Vol.9, No.02 pp 136-146, 2016

Poly (Nigrosine) Modified Electrochemical Sensor for the Determination of Dopamine and Uric acid: A Cyclic Voltammetric Study

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Abstract: A new modified electrode based on poly (Nigrosine) has been prepared and applied on the electrochemical determination of biomolecules such as dopamine [DA] and uric acid [UA] using voltammetric methods. In this study, the poly (Nigrosine) modified carbon paste electrode [PNMCPE] gives greater current responses for DA compared with bare carbon paste electrode [BCPE]. The effect of pH, thickness, scan rate, detection limit and concentration of dopamine on the peak current was determined. The oxidation peak current of DA showed linear dynamic range 1×10^{-6} to 3.2×10^{-5} and 3.2×10^{-5} to 1×10^{-4} M with a detection limit of 8.9×10^{-7} , by cyclic voltammetry [CV] method. It has been successfully applied to the determination of dopamine in dopamine hydrochloride injection with recoveries ranging from 99.5% to 102.25%. The proposed method possesses the distinct advantages of simple, appropriate for operation, good reproducibility, and cheap instrument.

Keywords: poly (Nigrosine), Carbon paste electrode, Dopamine, Uric acid.

J.G. Manjunatha /Int.J. ChemTech Res. 2016,9(2),pp 136-146.
