



International Journal of PharmTech Research

CODEN (USA): IJPRIF, ISSN: 0974-4304 Vol.8, No.6, pp 106-116, 2015

Output Regulation of the Forced Van der Pol Chaotic Oscillator via Adaptive Control Method

Sundarapandian Vaidyanathan

R & D Centre, Vel Tech University, Avadi, Chennai, Tamil Nadu, India

Abstract: Chaos theory has a lot of applications in science and engineering. This paper first details the qualitative properties of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator, which has important applications. Since its introduction in the 1920's, the Van der Pol equation has been a prototype model for systems with self-excited limit cycle oscillations. The Van der Pol equation has been studied over wide parameter regimes, from perturbations of harmonic motion to relaxation oscillations. It has been used by scientists to model a variety of physical and biological phenomena. Next, new results are obtained for the output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator via adaptive control method. MATLAB plots have been shown to illustrate the phase portraits of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator and the output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator.

Keywords: Chaos, chaotic systems, Van der Pol oscillator, output regulation, adaptive control, stability.

1. Introduction

Chaos theory investigates the qualitative and numerical study of unstable aperiodic behaviour in deterministic nonlinear dynamical systems. A dynamical system is called *chaotic* if it satisfies the three properties: boundedness, infinite recurrence and sensitive dependence on initial conditions [1-2].

In 1963, Lorenz [3] discovered a 3-D chaotic system when he was studying a 3-D weather model for atmospheric convection. After a decade, Rössler [4] discovered a 3-D chaotic system, which was constructed during the study of a chemical reaction. These classical chaotic systems paved the way to the discovery of many 3-D chaotic systems such as Arneodo system [5], Sprott systems [6], Chen system [7], Lü-Chen system [8], Cai system [9], Tigan system [10], etc. Many new chaotic systems have been also discovered in the recent years like Sundarapandian systems [11, 12], Vaidyanathan systems [13-42], Pehlivan system [43], Pham system [44], etc.

In control theory, active control method is used when the parameters are available for measurement [45-64]. Adaptive control is a popular control technique used for stabilizing systems when the system parameters are unknown [65-79]. There are also other popular methods available for control and synchronization of systems such as backstepping control method [80-86], sliding mode control method [87-98], etc.

Recently, chaos theory is found to have important applications in several areas such as chemistry [99-104], biology [105-112], memristors [113-115], electrical circuits [116], etc.

This paper investigates first the qualitative properties of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator, which was discovered by Van der Pol and Van der Mark ([117], 1927). In [118], it was reported that at certain drive frequencies an irregular noise was heard. This irregular noise was always heard near the natural entrainment

frequencies. This was one of the first discovered instances of deterministic chaos.

The Van der Pol oscillator has a long history of being used in both the physical and biological sciences. For instance, in biology, Fitzhugh [119] and Nagumo [120] extended the Van der Pol equation in a planar field as a model for action potentials of neurons. A detailed study on forced Van der Pol equation is found in [121].

This paper is organized as follows. Section 2 details the dynamics and properties of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator [118]. Section 3 details the output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator via adaptive control method. Section 4 details the numerical simulations illustrating the main result derived in this research paper. Section 5 contains the main conclusions of this work.

2. Forced Van der Pol Chaotic Oscillator

The forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator [118] is described by the second order differential equation

$$\ddot{x} = -x - a(x^2 - 1)\dot{x} + b\cos(\omega t) \tag{1}$$

The Van der Pol equation (1) is one of the most intensely studied systems in non-linear dynamics. Many efforts have been made to approximate the solutions of the Van der Pol equation or to construct simple maps that qualitatively describe important features of the Van der Pol equation.

In this work, we express the forced Van der Pol equation (1) in system form as follows:

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 \\ \dot{x}_2 = -x_1 - a(x_1^2 - 1)x_2 + b\cos(\omega t) \end{cases}$$
 (2)

In Eq. (2), x_1, x_2 are the states and a, b are constant, positive, parameters.

It is known in the literature [111] that the system (2) is *chaotic*, when the parameter values are taken as a = 5, b = 5, $\omega = 2.467$ (3)

$$u - 3, v - 3, w - 2.407$$

For numerical simulations, we take $x_1(0) = 0.1$ and $x_2(0) = 0.1$.

Figure 1 shows the x_1 – waveform of the Van der Pol system (2), while Figure 2 shows the x_2 – waveform of the Van der Pol system (2). Figure 3 shows the chaotic phase portrait of the Van der Pol system (2).

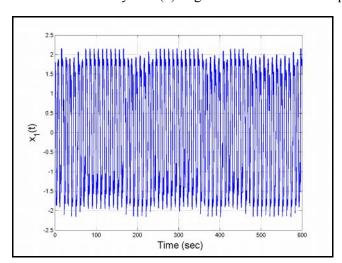


Figure 1. x_1 – waveform of the Van der Pol system

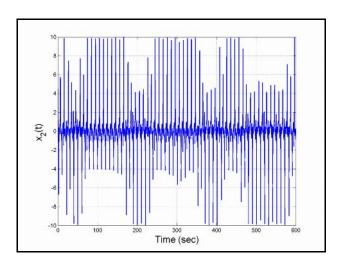


Figure 2. x_2 – waveform of the Van der Pol system

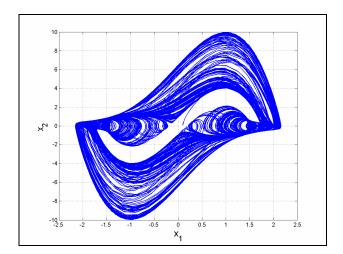


Figure 3. Chaotic phase portrait of the Van der Pol system

3. Adaptive Control Design for the Forced Van der Pol Chaotic Oscillator

In this section, we derive new results for the output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator via adaptive control method. The main result is established using Lyapunov stability theory [122].

We consider the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator given by the 2-D dynamics

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = x_2 + u_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 = -x_1 - a(x_1^2 - 1)x_2 + b\cos(\omega t) + u_2 \end{cases}$$
(4)

where a is an unknown system parameter, but the external periodic force $f(t) = b \cos(\omega t)$ is known.

In (4), u_1, u_2 are adaptive controls to be determined using an estimate $\hat{a}(t)$ of the unknown parameter a.

The design goal is to find feedback controls u_1, u_2 so that the controlled states $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ track the reference signals $r_1(t)$ and $r_2(t)$, respectively.

We define the tracking errors as follows:

$$\begin{cases} e_1(t) = x_1(t) - r_1(t) \\ e_2(t) = x_2(t) - r_2(t) \end{cases}$$
 (5)

Then the error dynamics is obtained as

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_1 = e_2 + r_2 - \dot{r}_1 + u_1 \\ \dot{e}_2 = -e_1 - r_1 - \dot{r}_2 - a \Big[(e_1 + r_1)^2 - 1 \Big] (e_2 + r_2) + b \cos(\omega t) + u_2 \end{cases}$$
(6)

We consider the adaptive control defined by

$$\begin{cases} u_1 = -e_2 - r_2 + \dot{r}_1 - k_1 e_1 \\ u_2 = e_1 + r_1 + \dot{r}_2 + \hat{a}(t) \left[(e_1 + r_1)^2 - 1 \right] \left(e_2 + r_2 \right) - b \cos(\omega t) - k_2 e_2 \end{cases}$$
(7)

where k_1 and k_2 are positive gain constants.

Substituting (7) into (6), we get the closed-loop control system as

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_1 = -k_1 e_1 \\ \dot{e}_2 = -[a - \hat{a}(t)] \left[(e_1 + r_1)^2 - 1 \right] \left(e_2 + r_2 \right) - k_2 e_2 \end{cases}$$
(8)

We define the parameter estimation error as

$$e_a(t) = a - \hat{a}(t) \tag{9}$$

Using (9), the closed-loop system (8) can be simplified as follows:

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_1 = -k_1 e_1 \\ \dot{e}_2 = -e_a \left[(e_1 + r_1)^2 - 1 \right] (e_2 + r_2) - k_2 e_2 \end{cases}$$
(10)

Differentiating (9) with respect to t, we get

$$\dot{e}_{a}(t) = -\dot{\hat{a}}(t) \tag{11}$$

We consider the Lyapunov function defined by

$$V(e_1, e_2, e_a) = \frac{1}{2} \left(e_1^2 + e_2^2 + e_a^2 \right) \tag{12}$$

which is positive definite on R^3 .

Differentiating V along the trajectories of (10) and (11), we obtain

$$\dot{V} = -k_1 e_1^2 - k_2 e_2^2 + e_a \left[-e_2 \left[\left(e_1 + r_1 \right)^2 - 1 \right] \left(e_2 + r_2 \right) - \dot{\hat{a}} \right]$$
(13)

In view of (13), we take the parameter update law as

$$\dot{\hat{a}} = -e_2 \left[\left(e_1 + r_1 \right)^2 - 1 \right] \left(e_2 + r_2 \right) \tag{14}$$

Next, we state and prove the main result of this section.

Theorem 1. The adaptive control law (7) and the parameter update law (14) achieve global output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator system (4), where k_1, k_2 are positive gain constants.

Proof. This result is a consequence of Lyapunov stability theory [122].

The quadratic Lyapunov function V defined by (12) is positive definite on R^3 .

Substituting (14) into (13), we obtain the time-derivative of V as

$$\dot{V} = -k_1 e_1^2 - k_2 e_2^2 \tag{15}$$

which is negative semi-definite on R^3 .

Thus, using Barbalat's lemma [122], we conclude that the error dynamics (10) is globally exponentially stable.

This completes the proof.

4. Numerical Simulations

For numerical simulations, we use the classical fourth-order Runge-Kutta method (MATLAB) with stepsize $h = 10^{-6}$ to solve the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator system (4), when the adaptive control law (7) and the parameter update law (17) are implemented.

We take the parameter values as in the chaotic case, i.e. a = 5, b = 5 and $\omega = 2.467$. We take the reference signals as $r_1 = \cos t$ and $r_2 = \sin t$. We take the positive gain constants as $k_1 = 5$ and $k_2 = 5$.

We take the initial conditions of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator system (4) as $x_1(0) = 5.2$ and $x_2(0) = 12.7$. We take the initial condition of the parameter estimate as $\hat{a}(0) = 2.8$.

Figure 3 shows the output regulation of the x_1 – waveform of the Van der Pol system (4), while Figure 4 shows the output regulation of the x_2 – waveform of the Van der Pol system (4). Figure 5 shows the time-history of the output regulation errors $e_1(t)$ and $e_2(t)$.

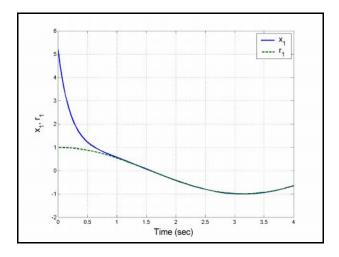


Figure 4. Output regulation of the x_1 – waveform of the controlled Van der Pol system

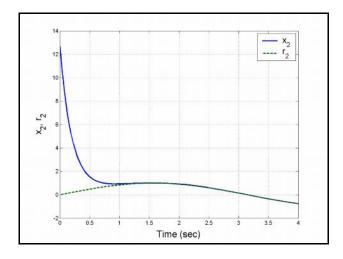


Figure 5. Output regulation of the x_2 – waveform of the controlled Van der Pol system

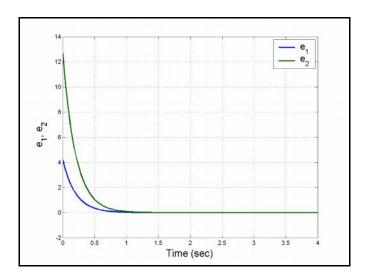


Figure 6. Time-history of the output regulation errors $e_1(t)$, $e_2(t)$

5. Conclusions

In this paper, we first discussed the qualitative properties of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator, which has important applications. Since its introduction in the 1920's, the Van der Pol equation has been a prototype model for systems with self-excited limit cycle oscillations. The Van der Pol equation has been studied over wide parameter regimes, from perturbations of harmonic motion to relaxation oscillations. It has been used by scientists to model a variety of physical and biological phenomena. Next, we derived new results for the output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator via adaptive control method. MATLAB plots have been shown to illustrate the phase portraits of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator and the output regulation of the forced Van der Pol chaotic oscillator.

References

- 1. Azar, A. T., and Vaidyanathan, S., Chaos Modeling and Control Systems Design, Studies in Computational Intelligence, Vol. 581, Springer, New York, USA, 2015.
- 2. Azar, A. T., and Vaidyanathan, S., Computational Intelligence Applications in Modeling and Control, Studies in Computational Intelligence, Vol. 575, Springer, New York, USA, 2015.
- 3. Lorenz, E. N., Deterministic nonperiodic flow, Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences, 1963, 20, 130-141.
- 4. Rössler, O. E., An equation for continuous chaos, Physics Letters A, 1976, 57, 397-398.
- 5. Arneodo, A., Coullet, P., and Tresser, C., Possible new strange attractors with spiral structure, Communications in Mathematical Physics, 1981, 79, 573-579.
- 6. Sprott, J. C., Some simple chaotic flows, Physical Review E, 1994, 50, 647-650.
- 7. Chen, G., and Ueta, T., Yet another chaotic attractor, International Journal of Bifurcation and Chaos, 1999, 9, 1465-1466.
- 8. Lü, J., and Chen, G., A new chaotic attractor coined, International Journal of Bifurcation and Chaos, 2002, 12, 659-661.
- 9. Cai, G., and Tan, Z., Chaos synchronization of a new chaotic system via nonlinear control, Journal of Uncertain Systems, 2007, 1, 235-240.
- 10. Tigan, G., and Opris, D., Analysis of a 3D chaotic system, Chaos, Solitons and Fractals, 2008, 36, 1315-1319.
- 11. Sundarapandian, V., and Pehlivan, I., Analysis, control, synchronization and circuit design of a novel chaotic system, Mathematical and Computer Modelling, 2012, 55, 1904-1915.
- 12. Sundarapandian, V., Analysis and anti-synchronization of a novel chaotic system via active and adaptive controllers, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2013, 6, 45-52.
- 13. Vaidyanathan, S., A new six-term 3-D chaotic system with an exponential nonlinearity, Far East Journal of Mathematical Sciences, 2013, 79, 135-143.
- 14. Vaidyanathan, S., Analysis and adaptive synchronization of two novel chaotic systems with hyperbolic

- sinusoidal and cosinusoidal nonlinearity and unknown parameters, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2013, 6, 53-65.
- 15. Vaidyanathan, S., A new eight-term 3-D polynomial chaotic system with three quadratic nonlinearities, Far East Journal of Mathematical Sciences, 2014, 84, 219-226.
- 16. Vaidyanathan, S., Analysis, control and synchronisation of a six-term novel chaotic system with three quadratic nonlinearities, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2014, 22, 41-53.
- 17. Vaidyanathan, S., and Madhavan, K., Analysis, adaptive control and synchronization of a seven-term novel 3-D chaotic system, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2013, 6, 121-137.
- 18. Vaidyanathan, S., Analysis and adaptive synchronization of eight-term 3-D polynomial chaotic systems with three quadratic nonlinearities, European Physical Journal: Special Topics, 2014, 223, 1519-1529.
- 19. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C., Pham, V. T., Madhavan, K., and Idowu, B. A., Adaptive backstepping control, synchronization and circuit simulation of a 3-D novel jerk chaotic system with two hyperbolic sinusoidal nonlinearities, Archives of Control Sciences, 2014, 24, 257-285.
- 20. Vaidyanathan, S., Generalised projective synchronisation of novel 3-D chaotic systems with an exponential non-linearity via active and adaptive control, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2014, 22, 207-217.
- 21. Vaidyanathan, S., and Azar, A.T., Analysis and control of a 4-D novel hyperchaotic system, Studies in Computational Intelligence, 2015, 581, 3-17.
- 22. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C., Pham, V.T., and Madhavan, K., Analysis, adaptive control and synchronization of a novel 4-D hyperchaotic hyperjerk system and its SPICE implementation, Archives of Control Sciences, 2015, 25, 135-158.
- 23. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C., and Pham, V.T., Hyperchaos, adaptive control and synchronization of a novel 5-D hyperchaotic system with three positive Lyapunov exponents and its SPICE implementation, Archives of Control Sciences, 2014, 24, 409-446.
- 24. Vaidyanathan, S., A ten-term novel 4-D hyperchaotic system with three quadratic nonlinearities and its control, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2013, 6, 97-109.
- 25. Vaidyanathan, S., Analysis, properties and control of an eight-term 3-D chaotic system with an exponential nonlinearity, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2015, 23, 164-172
- 26. Vaidyanathan, S., Azar, A.T., Rajagopal, K., and Alexander, P., Design and SPICE implementation of a 12-term novel hyperchaotic system and its synchronisation via active control, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2015, 23, 267-277.
- 27. Vaidyanathan, S., Qualitative analysis, adaptive control and synchronization of a seven-term novel 3-D chaotic system with a quartic nonlinearity, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2014, 7, 1-20.
- 28. Vaidyanathan, S., Qualitative analysis and control of an eleven-term novel 4-D hyperchaotic system with two quadratic nonlinearities, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2014, 7, 35-47.
- 29. Vaidyanathan, S., and Pakiriswamy, S., A 3-D novel conservative chaotic system and its generalized projective synchronization via adaptive control, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 52-60.
- 30. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C.K., and Pham, V.T., Analysis, adaptive control and adaptive synchronization of a nine-term novel 3-D chaotic system with four quadratic nonlinearities and its circuit simulation, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 181-191.
- 31. Vaidyanathan, S., Rajagopal, K., Volos, C.K., Kyprianidis, I.M., and Stouboulos, I.N., Analysis, adaptive control and synchronization of a seven-term novel 3-D chaotic system with three quadratic nonlinearities and its digital implementation in LabVIEW, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 130-141.
- 32. Pham, V.T., Volos, C.K., Vaidyanathan, S., Le, T.P., and Vu, V.Y., A memristor-based hyperchaotic system with hidden attractors: Dynamics, synchronization and circuital emulating, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 205-214.
- 33. Pham, V.T., Volos, C.K., and Vaidyanathan, S., Multi-scroll chaotic oscillator based on a first-order delay differential equation, Studies in Computational Intelligence, 2015, 581, 59-72.
- 34. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C.K., Kyprianidis, I.M., Stouboulos, I.N., and Pham, V.T., Analysis, adaptive control and anti-synchronization of a six-term novel jerk chaotic system with two exponential nonlinearities and its circuit simulation, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 24-36.

- 35. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C.K., and Pham, V.T., Analysis, control, synchronization and SPICE implementation of a novel 4-D hyperchaotic Rikitake dynamo system without equilibrium, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 232-244.
- 36. Sampath, S., Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C.K., and Pham, V.T., An eight-term novel four-scroll chaotic system with cubic nonlinearity and its circuit simulation, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 1-6.
- 37. Vaidyanathan, S., A 3-D novel highly chaotic system with four quadratic nonlinearities, its adaptive control and anti-synchronization with unknown parameters, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 106-115.
- 38. Vaidyanathan, S., Pham, V.-T., and Volos, C. K., A 5-D hyperchaotic Rikitake dynamo system with hidden attractors, European Physical Journal: Special Topics, 2015, 224, 1575-1592.
- 39. Pham, V.-T., Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C. K., and Jafari, S., Hidden attractors in a chaotic system with an exponential nonlinear term, European Physical Journal: Special Topics, 2015, 224, 1507-1517.
- 40. Vaidyanathan, S., Hyperchaos, qualitative analysis, control and synchronisation of a ten-term 4-D hyperchaotic system with an exponential nonlinearity and three quadratic nonlinearities, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2015, 23, 380-392.
- 41. Vaidyanathan, S., and Azar, A. T., Analysis, control and synchronization of a nine-term 3-D novel chaotic system, Studies in Computational Intelligence, 2015, 581, 19-38.
- 42. Vaidyanathan, S., and Volos, C., Analysis and adaptive control of a novel 3-D conservative no-equilibrium chaotic system, Archives of Control Sciences, 2015, 25, 279-299.
- 43. Pehlivan, I., Moroz, I. M., and Vaidyanathan, S., Analysis, synchronization and circuit design of a novel butterfly attractor, Journal of Sound and Vibration, 2014, 333, 5077-5096.
- 44. Pham, V. T., Volos, C., Jafari, S., Wang, X., and Vaidyanathan, S., Hidden hyperchaotic attractor in a novel simple memristic neural network, Optoelectronics and Advanced Materials Rapid Communications, 2014, 8, 1157-1163.
- 45. Sundarapandian, V., Output regulation of Van der Pol oscillator, Journal of the Institution of Engineers (India): Electrical Engineering Division, 88, 20-24, 2007.
- 46. Sundarapandian, V., Output regulation of the Lorenz attractor, Far East Journal of Mathematical Sciences, 2010, 42, 289-299.
- 47. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rajagopal, K., Anti-synchronization of Li and T chaotic systems by active nonlinear control, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 198, 175-184.
- 48. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rasappan, S., Global chaos synchronization of hyperchaotic Bao and Xu systems by active nonlinear control, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 198, 10-17.
- 49. Vaidyanathan, S., Output regulation of the unified chaotic system, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 198, 1-9.
- 50. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rajagopal, K., Global chaos synchronization of hyperchaotic Pang and Wang systems by active nonlinear control, 2011, 198, 84-93.
- 51. Vaidyanathan, S., Hybrid chaos synchronization of Liu and Lu systems by active nonlinear control, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 204, 1-10.
- 52. Sarasu, P., and Sundarapandian, V., Active controller design for generalized projective synchronization of four-scroll chaotic systems, International Journal of Systems Signal Control and Engineering Application, 2011, 4, 26-33.
- 53. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rasappan, S., Hybrid synchronization of hyperchaotic Qi and Lu systems by nonlinear control, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 131, 585-593.
- 54. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rajagopal, K., Hybrid synchronization of hyperchaotic Wang-Chen and hyperchaotic Lorenz systems by active non-linear control, International Journal of Systems Signal Control and Engineering Application, 2011, 4, 55-61.
- 55. Vaidyanathan, S., Output regulation of Arneodo-Coullet chaotic system, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 133, 98-107.
- 56. Sarasu, P., and Sundarapandian, V., The generalized projective synchronization of hyperchaotic Lorenz and hyperchaotic Qi systems via active control, International Journal of Soft Computing, 2011, 6, 216-223.
- 57. Vaidyanathan, S., and Pakiriswamy, S., The design of active feedback controllers for the generalized projective synchronization of hyperchaotic Qi and hyperchaotic Lorenz systems, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 245, 231-238.
- 58. Sundarapandian, V., and Karthikeyan, R., Hybrid synchronization of hyperchaotic Lorenz and hyperchaotic Chen systems via active control, Journal of Engineering and Applied Sciences, 2012, 7,

- 254-264.
- 59. Vaidyanathan, S., and Pakiriswamy, S., Generalized projective synchronization of double-scroll chaotic systems using active feedback control, Lecture Notes of the Institute for Computer Sciences, Social-Informatics and Telecommunications Engineering, 2012, 84, 111-118.
- 60. Pakiriswamy, S., and Vaidyanathan, S., Generalized projective synchronization of three-scroll chaotic systems via active control, Lecture Notes of the Institute for Computer Sciences, Social-Informatics and Telecommunications Engineering, 2012, 85, 146-155.
- 61. Karthikeyan, R., and Sundarapandian, V., Hybrid chaos synchronization of four-scroll systems via active control, Journal of Electrical Engineering, 2014, 65, 97-103.
- 62. Vaidyanathan, S., Azar, A. T., Rajagopal, K., and Alexander, P., Design and SPICE implementation of a 12-term novel hyperchaotic system and its synchronisation via active control, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2015, 23, 267-277.
- 63. Yassen, M. T., Chaos synchronization between two different chaotic systems using active control, Chaos, Solitons and Fractals, 2005, 23, 131-140.
- 64. Jia, N., and Wang, T., Chaos control and hybrid projective synchronization for a class of new chaotic systems, Computers and Mathematics with Applications, 2011, 62, 4783-4795.
- 65. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rajagopal, K., Global chaos synchronization of Lu and Pan systems by adaptive nonlinear control, Communication in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 205, 193-202.
- 66. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive controller and synchronizer design for the Qi-Chen chaotic system, Lecture Notes of the Institute for Computer Sciences, Social-Informatics and Telecommunication Engineering, 2012, 85, 124-133.
- 67. Sundarapandian, V., Adaptive control and synchronization design for the Lu-Xiao chaotic system, Lectures on Electrical Engineering, 2013, 131, 319-327.
- 68. Vaidyanathan, S., Analysis, control and synchronization of hyperchaotic Zhou system via adaptive control, Advances in Intelligent Systems and Computing, 2013, 177, 1-10.
- 69. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rajagopal, K., Global chaos synchronization of Lü and Pan systems by adaptive nonlinear control, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 205, 193-202.
- 70. Sundarapandian, V., and Karthikeyan, R., Anti-synchronization of Lü and Pan systems by adaptive nonlinear control, European Journal of Scientific Research, 2011, 64, 94-106.
- 71. Sundarapandian, V., and Karthikeyan, R., Anti-synchronization of hyperchaotic Lorenz and hyperchaotic Chen systems by adaptive control, International Journal of Systems Signal Control and Engineering Application, 2011, 4, 18-25.
- 72. Sundarapandian, V., and Karthikeyan, R., Adaptive anti-synchronization of uncertain Tigan and Li systems, Journal of Engineering and Applied Sciences, 2012, 7, 45-52.
- 73. Sarasu, P., and Sundarapandian, V., Generalized projective synchronization of three-scroll chaotic systems via adaptive control, European Journal of Scientific Research, 2012, 72, 504-522.
- 74. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rajagopal, K., Global chaos synchronization of hyperchaotic Pang and hyperchaotic Wang systems via adaptive control, International Journal of Soft Computing, 2012, 7, 28-37.
- 75. Sarasu, P., and Sundarapandian, V., Generalized projective synchronization of two-scroll systems via adaptive control, International Journal of Soft Computing, 2012, 7, 146-156.
- 76. Sarasu, P., and Sundarapandian, V., Adaptive controller design for the generalized projective synchronization of 4-scroll systems, International Journal of Systems Signal Control and Engineering Application, 2012, 5, 21-30.
- 77. Vaidyanathan, S., Anti-synchronization of Sprott-L and Sprott-M chaotic systems via adaptive control, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2012, 5, 41-59.
- 78. Vaidyanathan, S., and Pakiriswamy, S., Generalized projective synchronization of six-term Sundarapandian chaotic systems by adaptive control, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2013, 6, 153-163.
- 79. Vaidyanathan, S., and Pakiriswamy, S., Adaptive controller design for the generalized projective synchronization of circulant chaotic systems with unknown parameters, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2014, 7, 55-74.
- 80. Rasappan, S., and Vaidyanathan, S., Hybrid synchronization of n-scroll chaotic Chua circuits using adaptive backstepping control design with recursive feedback, Malaysian Journal of Mathematical Sciences, 2013, 7, 219-246.
- 81. Suresh, R., and Sundarapandian, V., Global chaos synchronization of a family of n-scroll hyperchaotic Chua circuits using backstepping control with recursive feedback, Far East Journal of Mathematical

- Sciences, 2013, 73, 73-95.
- 82. Rasappan, S., and Vaidyanathan, S., Hybrid synchronization of n-scroll Chua and Lur'e chaotic systems via backstepping control with novel feedback, Archives of Control Sciences, 2012, 22, 343-365.
- 83. Rasappan, S., and Vaidyanathan, S., Global chaos synchronization of WINDMI and Coullet chaotic systems using adaptive backstepping control design, Kyungpook Mathematical Journal, 2014, 54, 293-320.
- 84. Vaidyanathan, S., and Rasappan, S., Global chaos synchronization of n-scroll Chua circuit and Lur'e system using backstepping control design with recursive feedback, Arabian Journal for Science and Engineering, 2014, 39, 3351-3364.
- 85. Vaidyanathan, S., Idowu, B. A., and Azar, A. T., Backstepping controller design for the global chaos synchronization of Sprott's jerk systems, Studies in Computational Intelligence, 2015, 581, 39-58.
- 86. Vaidyanathan, S., Volos, C. K., Rajagopal, K., Kyprianidis, I. M., and Stouboulos, I. N., Adaptive backstepping controller design for the anti-synchronization of identical WINDMI chaotic systems with unknown parameters and its SPICE implementation, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 74-82.
- 87. Vaidyanathan, S., and Sampath, S., Global chaos synchronization of hyperchaotic Lorenz systems by sliding mode control, Communications in Computer and Information Science, 2011, 205, 156-164.
- 88. Sundarapandian, V., and Sivaperumal, S., Sliding controller design of hybrid synchronization of four-wing chaotic systems, International Journal of Soft Computing, 2011, 6, 224-231.
- 89. Vaidyanathan, S., and Sampath, S., Anti-synchronization of four-wing chaotic systems via sliding mode control, International Journal of Automation and Computing, 2012, 9, 274-279.
- 90. Vaidyanathan, S., and Sampath, S., Sliding mode controller design for the global chaos synchronization of Coullet systems, Lecture Notes of the Institute for Computer Sciences, Social-Informatics and Telecommunications Engineering, 2012, 84, 103-110.
- 91. Vaidyanathan, S., and Sampath, S., Hybrid synchronization of hyperchaotic Chen systems via sliding mode control, Lecture Notes of the Institute for Computer Sciences, Social-Informatics and Telecommunications Engineering, 2012, 85, 257-266.
- 92. Vaidyanathan, S., Global chaos control of hyperchaotic Liu system via sliding control method, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2012, 5, 117-123.
- 93. Vaidyanathan, S., Sliding mode control based global chaos control of Liu-Liu-Liu-Su chaotic system, International Journal of Control Theory and Applications, 2012, 5, 15-20.
- 94. Vaidyanathan, S., Global chaos synchronisation of identical Li-Wu chaotic systems via sliding mode control, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2014, 22, 170-177.
- 95. Vaidyanathan, S., and Azar, A. T., Anti-synchronization of identical chaotic systems using sliding mode control and an application to Vaidyanathan-Madhavan chaotic systems, Studies in Computational Intelligence, 2015, 576, 527-547.
- 96. Vaidyanathan, S., and Azar, A. T., Hybrid synchronization of identical chaotic systems using sliding mode control and an application to Vaidyanathan chaotic systems, Studies in Computational Intelligence, 2015, 576, 549-569.
- 97. Vaidyanathan, S., Sampath, S., and Azar, A. T., Global chaos synchronisation of identical chaotic systems via novel sliding mode control method and its application to Zhu system, International Journal of Modelling, Identification and Control, 2015, 23, 92-100.
- 98. Li, H., Liao, X., Li, C., and Li, C., Chaos control and synchronization via a novel chatter free sliding mode control strategy, Neurocomputing, 2011, 74, 3212-3222.
- 99. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive synchronization of chemical chaotic reactors, International Journal of ChemTech Research, 2015, 8, 612-621.
- 100. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive control of a chemical chaotic reactor, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 377-382.
- 101. Vaidyanathan, S., Dynamics and control of Brusselator chemical reaction, International Journal of ChemTech Research, 2015, 8, 740-749.
- 102. Vaidyanathan, S., Anti-synchronization of Brusselator chemical reaction systems via adaptive control, International Journal of ChemTech Research, 2015, 8, 759-768.
- 103. Vaidyanathan, S., Dynamics and control of Tokamak system with symmetric and magnetically confined plasma, International Journal of ChemTech Research, 2015, 8, 795-803.
- 104. Vaidyanathan, S., Synchronization of Tokamak systems with symmetric and magnetically confined plasma via adaptive control, International Journal of ChemTech Research, 2015, 8, 818-827.
- 105. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive backstepping control of enzymes-substrates system with ferroelectric

- behaviour in brain-waves, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 256-261.
- 106. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive biological control of generalized Lotka-Volterra three species biological system, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 622-631.
- 107. Vaidyanathan, S., 3-cells cellular neural network (CNN) attractor and its adaptive biological control, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 632-640.
- 108. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive synchronization of generalized Lotka-Volterra three species biological systems, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 928-937.
- 109. Vaidyanathan, S., Synchronization of 3-cells cellular neural network (CNN) attractors via adaptive control method, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 946-955.
- 110. Vaidyanathan, S., Chaos in neurons and adaptive control of Birkhoff-Shaw strange chaotic attractor, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 956-963.
- 111. Vaidyanathan, S., Adaptive chaotic synchronization of enzymes-substrates system with ferroelectric behaviour in brain waves, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 964-973.
- 112. Vaidyanathan, S., Lotka-Volterra population biology models with negative feedback and their ecological monitoring, International Journal of PharmTech Research, 2015, 8, 974-981.
- 113. Pham, V.-T., Volos, C. K., Vaidyanathan, S., and Vu, V. Y., A memristor-based hyperchaotic system with hidden attractors: dynamics, synchronization and circuital emulating, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 205-214.
- 114. Volos, C. K., Kyprianidis, I. M., Stouboulos, I. N., Tlelo-Cuautle, E., and Vaidyanathan, S., Memristor: A new concept in synchronization of coupled neuromorphic circuits, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 157-173.
- 115. Pham, V.-T., Volos, C., Jafari, S., Wang, X., and Vaidyanathan, S., Hidden hyperchaotic attractor in a novel simple memristive neural network, Optoelectronics and Advanced Materials, Rapid Communications, 2014, 8, 1157-1163.
- 116. Volos, C. K., Pham, V.-T., Vaidyanathan, S., Kyprianidis, I. M., and Stouboulos, I. N., Synchronization phenomena in coupled Colpitts circuits, Journal of Engineering Science and Technology Review, 2015, 8, 142-151.
- 117. Van der Pol, B., and Van der Mark, J., Frequency demultiplication, Nature, 1927, 120, 363-364.
- 118. FitzHugh, R., Impulses and physiological states in theoretical models of nerve membranes, Biophysics J, 1961, 1, 445-466.
- 119. Nagumo, J., Arimoto, S. and Yoshizawa, S. An active pulse transmission line simulating nerve axon, Proc. IRE, 1962, 50, 2061-2070.
- 120. Guckenheimer, J., Hoffman, K., and Weckesser, W., The forced Van der Pol equation I: The slow flow and its bifurcations, SIAM J. Applied Dynamical Systems, 2003, 2, 1-35.
- 121. Kapitaniak, T., Chaos for Engineers: Theory, Applications and Control, Springer, Berlin, Germany, 1998.
- 122. Khalil, H.K., Nonlinear Systems, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, USA, 2001.

