



Comparative Study on Durability, Mechanical Strength and Ecology of Ferrocement Made from Geopolymer and Conventional Portland Cement Mortar

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Abstract: Ferrocement is a composite material composed of a mortar reinforced with steel fabric/mesh, used to form thin sections. Geopolymer is an innovative construction material prepared by utilizing the industrial waste materials like Fly ash, GGBS, Red mud, Rice husk ash etc... In the present study OPC with partial replacement of Fly Ash (25%, 50%) and geopolymer mortar were taken with the geopolymer mortar ratio of 1:2. And the liquid/binder ratio was 0.45. It was observed that ferrocement made by geopolymer mortar shown superior properties in terms of strength, durability, fatigue, high temperature resistance, corrosion, etc. Corrosion was not observed even after 60 days of Alternate Wetting and Drying (AWD) cycles of Accelerated Corrosion Test. The test results show that flexural strength of geopolymer mortar increases with increase in volume fraction percentage and specific surface of steel mesh as compared to ferrocement mortar. The micro-structural changes were determined by FESEM. These new composites (Geopolymer mortar) can be used for making precast elements such as casting of water tanks, innovative architectural aesthetic constructions, faster low cost durable houses, corrosion resistant pipes for sewerage lines, tunnel linings in metro rail, roads and irrigation techniques. The present development of new ferrocement can become an apt substitute for conventional ferrocement, but with very low carbon footprint.

Keywords: Ferrocement, Geopolymer, wire mesh, Accelerated corrosion test, Durability, FESEM, EE, ECO2E.