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Hybrid Chaos Synchronization of Rikitake Two-Disk Dynamo Chaotic Systems via Adaptive Control Method

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Abstract: Chaos theory has a manifold variety of applications in science and engineering. The frequent and irregular reversals of the earth's magnetic field has motivated a number of research studies involving electrical currents within the earth's molten core. One of the first such nonlinear models that exhibited the frequent and irregular reversals of the earth's magnetic field was Rikitake's two-disk dynamo system (1958). Rikitake two-disk dynamo system is a chaotic system that predated the pioneering work of Lorenz (1963). In this paper, we describe the dynamic equations and qualitative properties of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic system. We also derive new results for the global hybrid chaos synchronization of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems. MATLAB plots have been depicted to illustrate the phase portraits of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems via adaptive control method.

Keywords: Chaos, chaotic systems, hybrid chaos synchronization, earth's magnetic field, electrical currents, Rikitake dynamo system, two-disk model, nonlinear model, adaptive control, stability.

1. Introduction

A dynamical system is called *chaotic* if it satisfies the three properties: boundedness, infinite recurrence and sensitive dependence on initial conditions [1-2]. Chaos theory investigates the qualitative and numerical study of unstable aperiodic behaviour in deterministic nonlinear dynamical systems.

In 1963, Lorenz [3] discovered a 3-D chaotic system when he was studying a 3-D weather model for atmospheric convection. After a decade, Rössler [4] discovered a 3-D chaotic system, which was constructed during the study of a chemical reaction. These classical chaotic systems paved the way to the discovery of many 3-D chaotic systems such as Arneodo system [5], Sprott systems [6], Chen system [7], Lü-Chen system [8], Cai system [9], Tigan system [10], etc. Many new chaotic systems have been also discovered in the recent years like Sundarapandian systems [11, 12], Vaidyanathan systems [13-43], Pehlivan system [44], Pham system [45], etc.

Recently, there is significant result in the chaos literature in the synchronization of physical and chemical systems. A pair of systems called master and slave systems are considered for the synchronization process and the design goal of hybrid synchronization is to device a feedback mechanism so that complete synchronization and anti-synchronization co-exist in the synchronization process. Because of the butterfly effect which causes exponential divergence of two trajectories of the system starting from nearby initial conditions, the hybrid synchronization of chaotic systems is seemingly a challenging research problem.

In control theory, active control method is used when the parameters are available for measurement

[46-65]. Adaptive control is a popular control technique used for stabilizing systems when the system parameters are unknown [66-80]. There are also other popular methods available for control and synchronization of systems such as backstepping control method [81-87], sliding mode control method [88-100], intelligent control [101-110], etc.

Recently, chaos theory is found to have important applications in several areas such as chemistry [111-128], biology [129-160], memristors [161-163], electrical circuits [164], etc.

The frequent and irregular reversals of the earth's magnetic field has motivated a number of research studies involving electrical currents within the earth's molten core. One of the first such nonlinear models that exhibited the frequent and irregular reversals of the earth's magnetic field was Rikitake two-disk dynamo system [165]. Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1958) is a classical chaotic system that predated the pioneering work of Lorenz (1963).

First, this research paper details the dynamic equations of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system [165] and discusses its qualitative properties.

This paper also derives new results for the global hybrid chaos synchronization of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system via adaptive control method. MATLAB simulation plots are shown to depict the phase portraits and global hybrid chaos synchronization of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo systems.

2. Rikitake Two-Disk Dynamo Chaotic System

Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic system [165] is governed by the system model

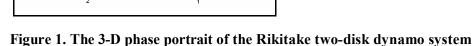
$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = -ax_1 + x_2x_3 \\ \dot{x}_2 = -ax_2 + x_1(x_3 - b) \\ \dot{x}_3 = 1 - x_1x_2 \end{cases}$$
(1)

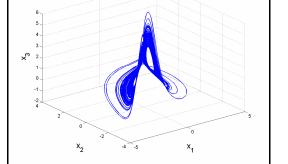
where x_1, x_2, x_3 are the states and *a*, *b* are constant positive parameters. The parameter *a* represents the resistive dissipation and the parameter *b* represents the difference in the angular velocities of the two disks.

We note that the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic system (1) has the same number of terms as the Lorenz chaotic system, but with one additional nonlinearity.

The Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1) is <i>chaotic</i> when the system parameters are chosen as	
a = 1, b = 1	(2)
For numerical simulations, we take the initial conditions	
$x_1(0) = 1.0, x_2(0) = 0, x_3(0) = 0.8$	(3)

Figure 1 shows the 3-D phase portrait of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1). Figures 2-4 show the 2-D projections of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system on the (x_1, x_2) , (x_2, x_3) and (x_1, x_3) planes, respectively.





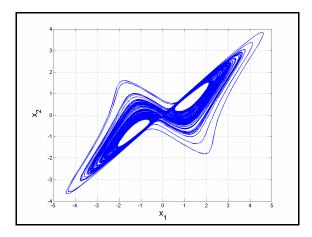


Figure 2. The 2-D projection of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system on the (x_1, x_2) plane

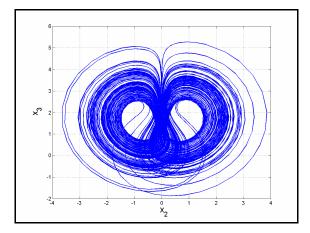
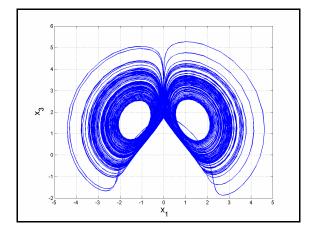
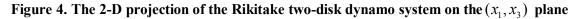


Figure 3. The 2-D projection of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system on the (x_2, x_3) plane





The Lyapunov exponents of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1) are numerically found as

$$L_1 = \Theta. \pm 2749, \ L_2 \quad 0, \ L_3 \quad -2.12704$$
(4)

From the LE spectrum (4), it is immediate that the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1) is a chaotic system and the Maximal Lyapunov Exponent (MLE) of the Rikitake dynamo system (1) is $L_1 = 0.12749$.

Since the sum of the Lyapunov exponents in (4) is negative, it follows that the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1) is dissipative.

Also, the Lyapunov dimension of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system (1) is derived as

$$D_L = 2 + \frac{L_1 + L_2}{|L_3|} = 2.0599 \tag{5}$$

3. Global Hybrid Chaos Synchronization of the Rikitake Two-Disk Dynamo Chaotic Systems via Adaptive Control

In this section, we use adaptive control method to achieve global hybrid chaos synchronization of the identical states of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems with unknown parameters. We use Lyapunov stability theory [166] to prove the main adaptive control result derived in this section.

As the master system, we consider the Rikitake two-disk dynamo dynamics given by

$$\begin{cases} \dot{x}_1 = -ax_1 + x_2x_3 \\ \dot{x}_2 = -ax_2 + x_1(x_3 - b) \\ \dot{x}_3 = 1 - x_1x_2 \end{cases}$$
(6)

In ((6), x_1, x_2, x_3 are the states of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo system and a, b are unknown parameters. As the slave system, we consider the controlled Rikitake two-disk dynamo dynamics given by

$$\begin{cases} \dot{y}_1 = -ay_1 + y_2y_3 + u_1 \\ \dot{y}_2 = -ay_2 + y_1(y_3 - b) + u_2 \\ \dot{y}_3 = 1 - y_1y_2 + u_3 \end{cases}$$
(7)

In (7), y_1, y_2, y_3 are the states of the controlled Rikitake two-disk dynamo system.

The hybrid chaos synchronization errors are defined by

$$\begin{cases} e_1 = y_1 - x_1 \\ e_2 = y_2 + x_2 \end{cases}$$
(8)

$$e_3 = y_3 - x_3$$

The hybrid synchronization error dynamics is obtained as

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_1 = -ae_1 + y_2y_3 - x_2x_3 + u_1 \\ \dot{e}_2 = -ae_2 - b(y_1 + x_1) + y_1y_3 + x_1x_3 + u_2 \\ \dot{e}_3 = -y_1y_2 + x_1x_2 + u_3 \end{cases}$$
(9)

We consider the adaptive controller defined by

$$\begin{cases} u_1 = \hat{a}(t)e_1 - y_2y_3 + x_2x_3 - k_1e_1 \\ u_2 = \hat{a}(t)e_2 + \hat{b}(t)(y_1 + x_1) - y_1y_3 - x_1x_3 - k_2e_2 \\ u_3 = y_1y_2 - x_1x_2 - k_3e_3 \end{cases}$$
(10)

where k_1, k_2, k_3 are positive gain constants.

Substituting (10) into (9), we get the closed-loop error dynamics as

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_1 = -[a - \hat{a}(t)]e_1 - k_1e_1 \\ \dot{e}_2 = -[a - \hat{a}(t)]e_2 - [b - \hat{b}(t)](y_1 + x_1) - k_2e_2 \\ \dot{e}_3 = -k_3e_3 \end{cases}$$
(11)

We define the parameter estimation errors as

$$\begin{cases} e_a(t) = a - \hat{a}(t) \\ e_b(t) = b - \hat{b}(t) \end{cases}$$
(12)

Using (12), the closed-loop system (11) can be simplified as

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_{1} = -e_{a}e_{1} - k_{1}e_{1} \\ \dot{e}_{2} = -e_{a}e_{2} - e_{b}(y_{1} + x_{1}) - k_{2}e_{2} \\ \dot{e}_{3} = -k_{3}e_{3} \end{cases}$$
(13)

Differentiating (12) with respect to time, we get

$$\begin{cases} \dot{e}_a(t) = -\dot{\hat{a}}(t) \\ \dot{e}_b(t) = -\dot{\hat{b}}(t) \end{cases}$$
(14)

Next, we consider the candidate Lyapunov function defined by

$$V(e_1, e_2, e_3, e_a, e_b) = \frac{1}{2} \left(e_1^2 + e_2^2 + e_3^2 + e_a^2 + e_b^2 \right)$$
(15)

Differentiating (15) along the trajectories of (13) and (14), we get the following dynamics

$$\dot{V} = -k_1 e_1^2 - k_2 e_2^2 - k_3 e_3^2 + e_a \left[-e_1^2 - e_2^2 - \dot{\hat{a}} \right] + e_b \left[-(y_1 + x_1)e_2 - \dot{\hat{b}} \right]$$
(16)

In view of (15), we take the following parameter update law:

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{a}(t) &= -e_1^2 - e_2^2 \\
\dot{b}(t) &= -(y_1 + x_1)e_2
\end{aligned}$$
(17)

Next, we state and prove the main result of this section.

Theorem 1. The adaptive control law (10) and the parameter update law (17) achieve global and exponential hybrid chaos synchronization of the identical 3-D Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems defined by (6) and (7), where k_1, k_2, k_3 are positive gain constants.

Proof. The result is proved using Lyapunov stability theory [166].

The quadratic Lyapunov function V defined by (15) is positive definite on R^5 . Substituting the parameter update law (17) into (16), we get the time derivative of V as $\dot{V} = -k_1 e_1^2 - k_2 e_2^2 - k_3 e_3^2$ (18)

which is negative semi-definite on R^{5} .

Thus, by Barbalat's lemma in Lyapunov stability theory [166], it follows that the closed-loop error dynamics (13) is globally exponentially stable.

Hence, it is immediate that the identical 3-D Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems (6) and (7) are globally and exponentially hybrid chaos synchronized.

This completes the proof.

4. Numerical Simulations

We use the classical fourth-order Runge-Kutta method with step-size $h = 10^{-8}$ to solve the system of differential equations (6) and (7), when the adaptive control law (10) is implemented.

We take the parameter values of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems as in the chao	otic case, viz.
a=1, b=1	(19)
We take the gain constants as	
$k_1 = 6, k_2 = 6, k_3 = 6$	(20)
We take the initial values of the Rikitake dynamo system (6) as	
$x_1(0) = 12.7, x_2(0) = 5.4, x_3(0) = 8.3$	(21)
We take the initial values of the Dikitake dyname system (7) as	

We take the initial values of the Rikitake dynamo system (7) as

$$y_1(0) = 26.1, \ y_2(0) = 12.8, \ y_3(0) = 14.9$$
 (22)
We take the initial values of the parameter estimates as
 $\hat{a}(0) = 6.2, \ \hat{b}(0) = 8.1$ (23)

Figures 5-7 show the hybrid chaos synchronization of the Rikitake dynamo chaotic systems (6) and (7).

Figure 8 shows the time-history of the hybrid chaos synchronization errors e_1, e_2, e_3 .

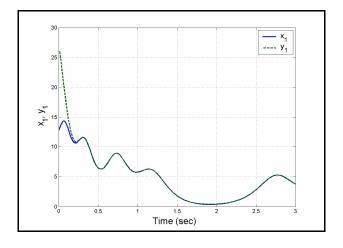


Figure 5. Hybrid synchronization of the states $x_1(t)$ and $y_1(t)$

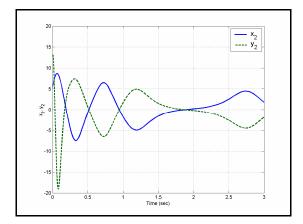


Figure 6. Hybrid synchronization of the states $x_2(t)$ and $y_2(t)$

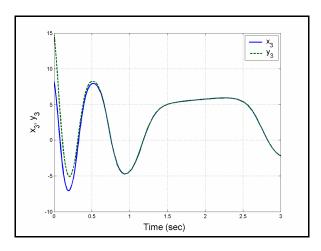


Figure 7. Hybrid synchronization of the states $x_3(t)$ and $y_3(t)$

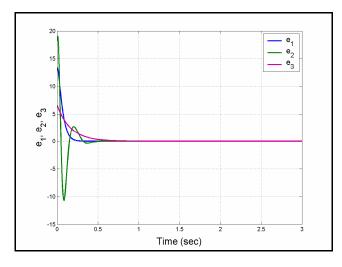


Figure 8. Time-history of the hybrid chaos synchronization errors $e_1(t), e_2(t), e_3(t)$

5. Conclusions

In this paper, we described the dynamic equations and qualitative properties of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic system. We also derived new results for the global hybrid chaos synchronization of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems. MATLAB plots were depicted to illustrate the phase portraits of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic attractor and the global hybrid chaos synchronization of the Rikitake two-disk dynamo chaotic systems via adaptive control method.

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